



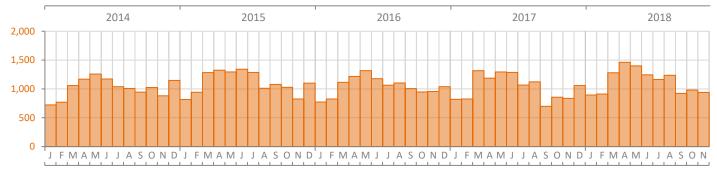
Summary Statistics	November 2018	November 2017	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	939	837	12.2%
Paid in Cash	291	303	-4.0%
Median Sale Price	\$250,000	\$245,000	2.0%
Average Sale Price	\$330,100	\$317,109	4.1%
Dollar Volume	\$310.0 Million	\$265.4 Million	16.8%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	95.4%	95.7%	-0.3%
Median Time to Contract	67 Days	66 Days	1.5%
Median Time to Sale	109 Days	109 Days	0.0%
New Pending Sales	917	1,148	-20.1%
New Listings	1,495	1,578	-5.3%
Pending Inventory	1,254	1,574	-20.3%
Inventory (Active Listings)	6,209	5,288	17.4%
Months Supply of Inventory	5.5	5.1	7.8%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	12,438	10.0%
November 2018	939	12.2%
October 2018	982	14.6%
September 2018	922	31.9%
August 2018	1,237	10.3%
July 2018	1,165	9.1%
June 2018	1,244	-3.2%
May 2018	1,400	8.3%
April 2018	1,461	23.2%
March 2018	1,281	-2.7%
February 2018	912	10.7%
January 2018	895	9.3%
December 2017	1,059	1.9%
November 2017	837	-12.4%



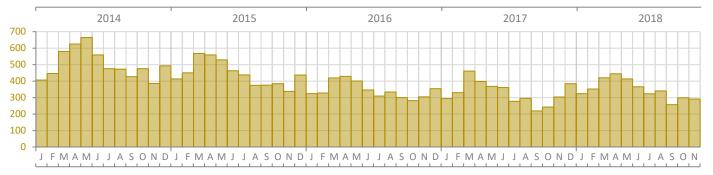


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	3,829	7.9%
November 2018	291	-4.0%
October 2018	299	23.6%
September 2018	257	17.4%
August 2018	340	14.9%
July 2018	323	16.6%
June 2018	366	1.4%
May 2018	413	12.2%
April 2018	444	11.6%
March 2018	420	-8.9%
February 2018	352	6.7%
January 2018	324	10.2%
December 2017	384	8.5%
November 2017	303	-0.3%



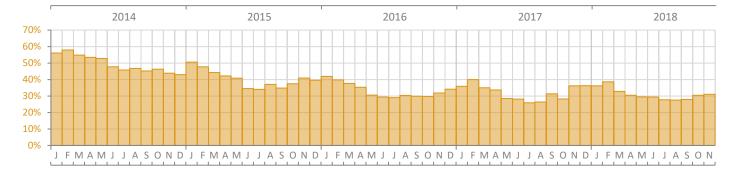
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed	Percent Change
	Sales Paid in Cash	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	30.8%	-1.9%
November 2018	31.0%	-14.4%
October 2018	30.4%	7.8%
September 2018	27.9%	-10.9%
August 2018	27.5%	4.2%
July 2018	27.7%	6.9%
June 2018	29.4%	4.6%
May 2018	29.5%	3.5%
April 2018	30.4%	-9.5%
March 2018	32.8%	-6.3%
February 2018	38.6%	-3.5%
January 2018	36.2%	0.8%
December 2017	36.3%	6.5%
November 2017	36.2%	13.8%





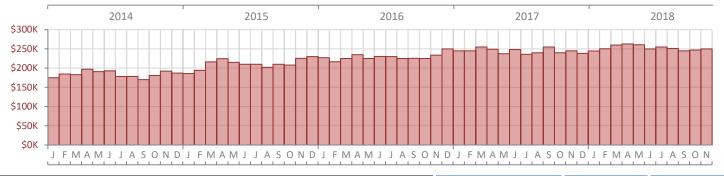


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$252,000	2.9%
November 2018	\$250,000	2.0%
October 2018	\$246,995	2.9%
September 2018	\$245,000	-3.9%
August 2018	\$251,000	4.6%
July 2018	\$255,000	8.2%
June 2018	\$250,000	0.7%
May 2018	\$260,700	9.8%
April 2018	\$263,000	5.6%
March 2018	\$260,000	2.0%
February 2018	\$250,223	2.1%
January 2018	\$244,500	-0.2%
December 2017	\$238,350	-4.6%
November 2017	\$245,000	4.9%

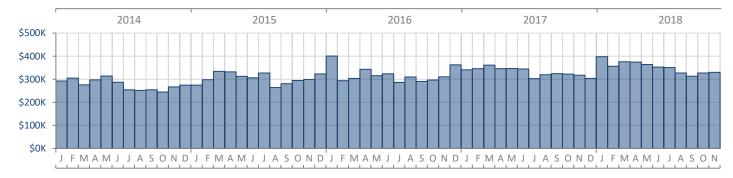


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
\$352,987	5.3%
\$330,100	4.1%
\$327,081	1.5%
\$313,102	-3.5%
\$326,730	2.3%
\$350,566	15.8%
\$352,890	2.4%
\$363,829	5.0%
\$374,261	8.3%
\$375,895	4.1%
\$356,482	3.2%
\$398,050	16.9%
\$303,107	-16.3%
\$317,109	2.2%
	\$352,987 \$330,100 \$327,081 \$313,102 \$326,730 \$350,566 \$352,890 \$363,829 \$374,261 \$375,895 \$356,482 \$398,050 \$303,107



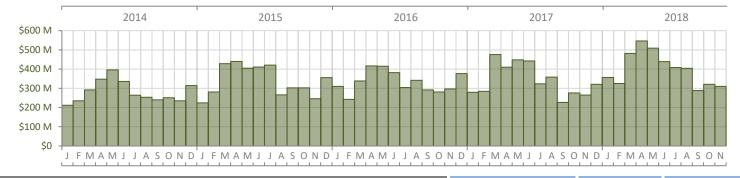


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$4.4 Billion	15.9%
November 2018	\$310.0 Million	16.8%
October 2018	\$321.2 Million	16.3%
September 2018	\$288.7 Million	27.3%
August 2018	\$404.2 Million	12.9%
July 2018	\$408.4 Million	26.3%
June 2018	\$439.0 Million	-0.8%
May 2018	\$509.4 Million	13.7%
April 2018	\$546.8 Million	33.4%
March 2018	\$481.5 Million	1.3%
February 2018	\$325.1 Million	14.2%
January 2018	\$356.3 Million	27.7%
December 2017	\$321.0 Million	-14.7%
November 2017	\$265.4 Million	-10.5%



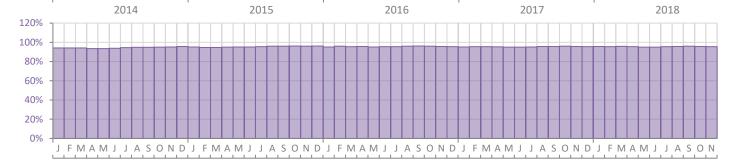
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig.	Percent Change
	List Price Received	Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	95.5%	0.0%
November 2018	95.4%	-0.3%
October 2018	95.7%	-0.3%
September 2018	96.0%	0.4%
August 2018	95.7%	0.0%
July 2018	95.4%	0.3%
June 2018	95.0%	0.1%
May 2018	94.9%	-0.1%
April 2018	95.4%	0.1%
March 2018	95.8%	0.3%
February 2018	95.5%	0.0%
January 2018	95.7%	0.5%
December 2017	95.5%	0.0%
November 2017	95.7%	0.0%







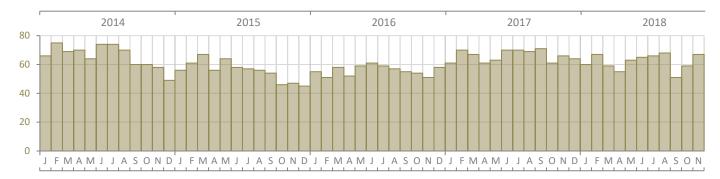
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	62 Days	-6.1%
November 2018	67 Days	1.5%
October 2018	59 Days	-3.3%
September 2018	51 Days	-28.2%
August 2018	68 Days	-1.4%
July 2018	66 Days	-5.7%
June 2018	65 Days	-7.1%
May 2018	63 Days	0.0%
April 2018	55 Days	-9.8%
March 2018	59 Days	-11.9%
February 2018	67 Days	-4.3%
January 2018	60 Days	-1.6%
December 2017	64 Days	10.3%
November 2017	66 Days	29.4%





Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	104 Days	-4.6%
November 2018	109 Days	0.0%
October 2018	104 Days	-5.5%
September 2018	95 Days	-16.7%
August 2018	111 Days	-0.9%
July 2018	108 Days	-2.7%
June 2018	107 Days	-7.8%
May 2018	106 Days	0.0%
April 2018	95 Days	-5.0%
March 2018	96 Days	-11.9%
February 2018	103 Days	-8.8%
January 2018	98 Days	-9.3%
December 2017	106 Days	9.3%
November 2017	109 Days	11.2%





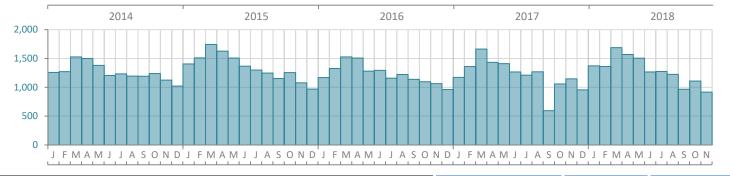


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	14,253	4.9%
November 2018	917	-20.1%
October 2018	1,107	4.5%
September 2018	968	62.7%
August 2018	1,226	-3.4%
July 2018	1,275	5.3%
June 2018	1,267	0.0%
May 2018	1,504	6.7%
April 2018	1,570	9.6%
March 2018	1,688	1.4%
February 2018	1,360	0.0%
January 2018	1,371	16.9%
December 2017	957	-0.3%
November 2017	1,148	8.0%

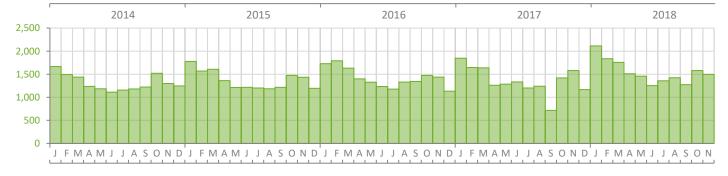


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	17,060	12.5%
November 2018	1,495	-5.3%
October 2018	1,578	11.2%
September 2018	1,276	78.5%
August 2018	1,423	14.8%
July 2018	1,357	12.8%
June 2018	1,254	-5.9%
May 2018	1,459	13.5%
April 2018	1,511	19.9%
March 2018	1,758	7.2%
February 2018	1,835	11.6%
January 2018	2,114	14.6%
December 2017	1,167	3.0%
November 2017	1,578	9.8%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5,803	7.8%
November 2018	6,209	17.4%
October 2018	5,823	17.9%
September 2018	5,448	18.0%
August 2018	5,307	13.7%
July 2018	5,325	8.6%
June 2018	5,422	4.0%
May 2018	5,787	7.8%
April 2018	6,017	5.2%
March 2018	6,238	2.3%
February 2018	6,286	0.1%
January 2018	5,974	-2.4%
December 2017	5,305	-2.9%
November 2017	5,288	-3.4%



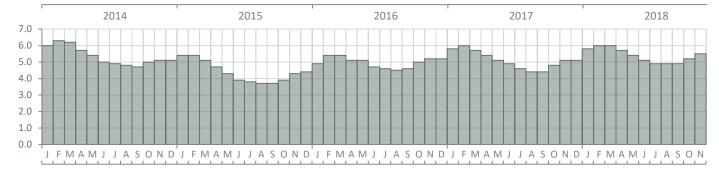
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	5.4	5.9%
November 2018	5.5	7.8%
October 2018	5.2	8.3%
September 2018	4.9	11.4%
August 2018	4.9	11.4%
July 2018	4.9	6.5%
June 2018	5.1	4.1%
May 2018	5.4	5.9%
April 2018	5.7	5.6%
March 2018	6.0	5.3%
February 2018	6.0	0.0%
January 2018	5.8	0.0%
December 2017	5.1	-1.9%
November 2017	5.1	-1.9%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - November 2018 Single Family Homes Lee County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	4	300.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	13	-43.5%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	47	-26.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	198	8.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	195	19.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	131	3.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	167	33.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	118	21.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	44	33.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	22	4.8%

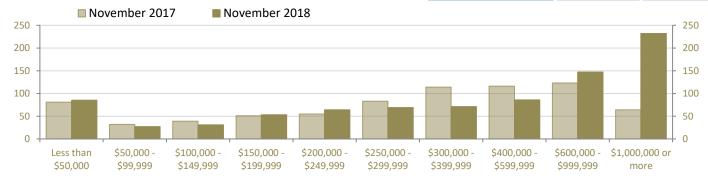


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	85 Days	4.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	27 Days	-15.6%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	31 Days	-20.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	53 Days	3.9%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	64 Days	16.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	69 Days	-16.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	71 Days	-37.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	86 Days	-25.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	147 Days	19.5%
\$1,000,000 or more	232 Days	262.5%



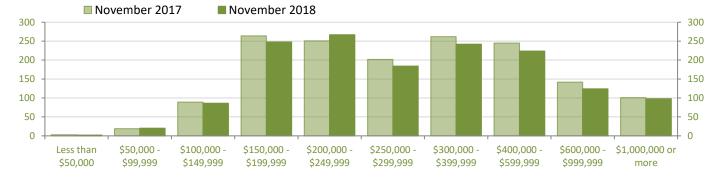


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	-33.3%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	20	5.3%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	86	-3.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	248	-6.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	267	6.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	184	-8.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	242	-7.6%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	224	-8.6%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	124	-12.7%
\$1,000,000 or more	98	-3.0%



Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	-80.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	39	-29.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	199	36.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	791	35.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	908	31.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	758	8.1%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	1,124	18.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	1,085	7.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	702	18.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	602	8.9%



Monthly Distressed Market - November 2018 Single Family Homes Lee County

\$200,000

\$150,000

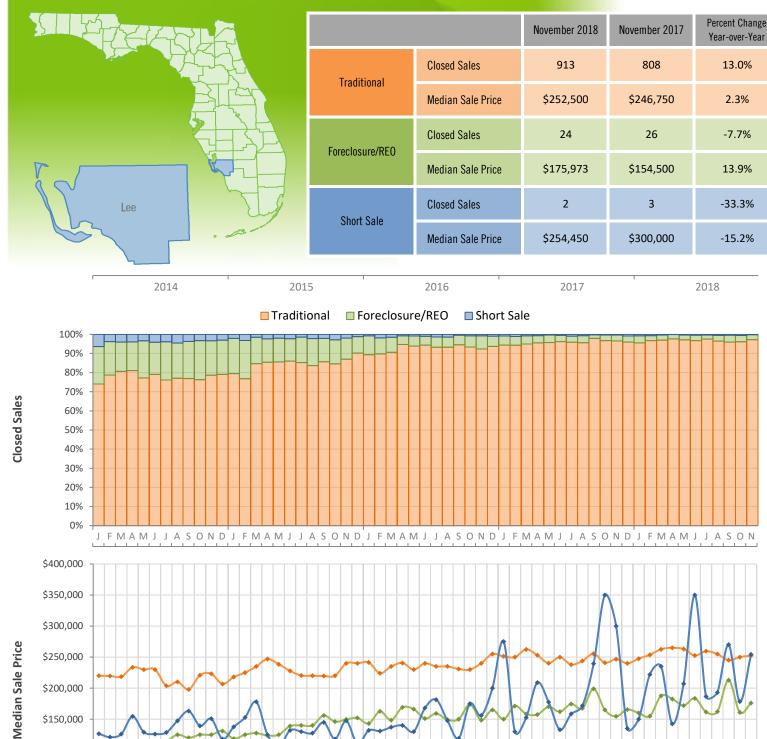
\$100,000

\$50,000

\$0

2014





2015

2016

2017

2018