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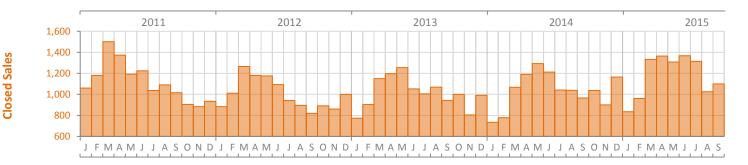


| Summary Statistics                                 | September 2015 | September 2014 | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Closed Sales                                       | 1,100          | 965            | 14.0%                            |
| Paid in Cash                                       | 384            | 438            | -12.3%                           |
| New Pending Sales                                  | 1,169          | 1,215          | -3.8%                            |
| New Listings                                       | 1,435          | 1,441          | -0.4%                            |
| Median Sale Price                                  | \$211,578      | \$175,000      | 20.9%                            |
| Average Sale Price                                 | \$285,959      | \$277,531      | 3.0%                             |
| Median Days on Market                              | 34             | 38             | -10.5%                           |
| Average Percent of Original List<br>Price Received | 95.0%          | 93.4%          | 1.7%                             |
| Pending Inventory                                  | 1,785          | 2,024          | -11.8%                           |
| Inventory (Active Listings)                        | 4,280          | 4,775          | -10.4%                           |
| Months Supply of Inventory                         | 3.7            | 4.7            | -20.8%                           |

| Closed Sales  | Month          |
|---|----------------|
| 010000 00100  | September 2015 |
| The number of sales transactions which closed during              | August 2015    |
| the month   | July 2015      |
|   | June 2015      |
|   | May 2015       |
| Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest-yet most   | April 2015     |
| important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When | March 2015     |

comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

| Month          | Closed Sales | Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|
| September 2015 | 1,100        | 14.0%          |
| August 2015    | 1,025        | -1.3%          |
| July 2015      | 1,315        | 26.2%          |
| June 2015      | 1,368        | 12.8%          |
| May 2015       | 1,308        | 1.2%           |
| April 2015     | 1,364        | 14.5%          |
| March 2015     | 1,332        | 24.7%          |
| February 2015  | 961          | 23.4%          |
| January 2015   | 835          | 13.8%          |
| December 2014  | 1,165        | 17.4%          |
| November 2014  | 900          | 11.8%          |
| October 2014   | 1,038        | 3.8%           |
| September 2014 | 965          | 2.4%           |

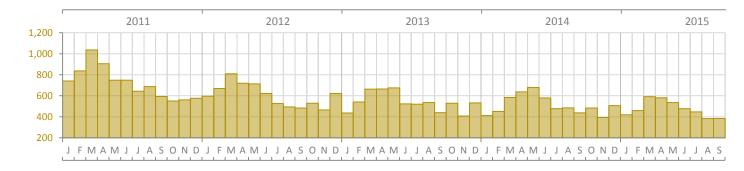




| Cash Sales  | Month          | Cash Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|---|----------------|------------|----------------------------------|
|   | September 2015 | 384        | -12.3%                           |
| The number of Closed Sales during the month in which                            | August 2015    | 383        | -21.0%                           |
| buyers exclusively paid in cash   | July 2015      | 447        | -6.3%                            |
|   | June 2015      | 477        | -17.6%                           |
|   | May 2015       | 536        | -21.2%                           |
| <i>Economists' note</i> : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to | April 2015     | 581        | -8.8%                            |
|   | March 2015     | 592        | 1.4%                             |
| which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are             | February 2015  | 459        | 1.5%                             |

far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

| Month          | Cash Sales | Year-over-Year |
|----------------|------------|----------------|
| September 2015 | 384        | -12.3%         |
| August 2015    | 383        | -21.0%         |
| July 2015      | 447        | -6.3%          |
| June 2015      | 477        | -17.6%         |
| May 2015       | 536        | -21.2%         |
| April 2015     | 581        | -8.8%          |
| March 2015     | 592        | 1.4%           |
| February 2015  | 459        | 1.5%           |
| January 2015   | 420        | 1.9%           |
| December 2014  | 507        | -4.7%          |
| November 2014  | 393        | -3.4%          |
| October 2014   | 483        | -8.7%          |
| September 2014 | 438        | -0.2%          |



## Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

*Economists' note*: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

| Month          | Percent of Closed<br>Sales Paid in Cash | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 34.9%                                   | -23.1%                           |
| August 2015    | 37.4%                                   | -20.0%                           |
| July 2015      | 34.0%                                   | -25.7%                           |
| June 2015      | 34.9%                                   | -27.0%                           |
| May 2015       | 41.0%                                   | -22.1%                           |
| April 2015     | 42.6%                                   | -20.4%                           |
| March 2015     | 44.4%                                   | -18.7%                           |
| February 2015  | 47.8%                                   | -17.7%                           |
| January 2015   | 50.3%                                   | -10.4%                           |
| December 2014  | 43.5%                                   | -18.9%                           |
| November 2014  | 43.7%                                   | -13.6%                           |
| October 2014   | 46.5%                                   | -12.0%                           |
| September 2014 | 45.4%                                   | -2.6%                            |

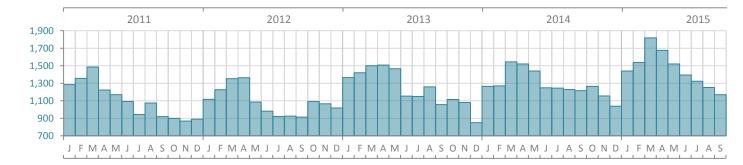




# New Pending SalesMonthThe number of property listings that went from<br/>"Active" to "Pending" status during the monthAugust 2015<br/>July 2015July 2015July 2015June 2015May 2015

*Economists' note* : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

| Month          | New Pending Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-------------------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 1,169             | -3.8%                            |
| August 2015    | 1,252             | 2.0%                             |
| July 2015      | 1,323             | 6.3%                             |
| June 2015      | 1,395             | 11.7%                            |
| May 2015       | 1,521             | 5.6%                             |
| April 2015     | 1,676             | 10.2%                            |
| March 2015     | 1,819             | 17.7%                            |
| February 2015  | 1,537             | 21.0%                            |
| January 2015   | 1,440             | 13.8%                            |
| December 2014  | 1,039             | 22.1%                            |
| November 2014  | 1,155             | 6.8%                             |
| October 2014   | 1,265             | 13.4%                            |
| September 2014 | 1,215             | 14.9%                            |

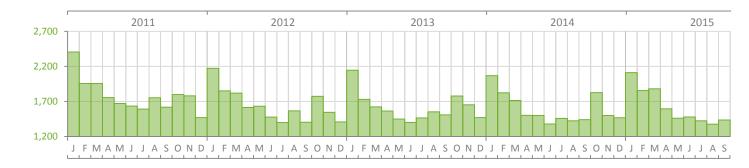


# New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note* : In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a *lagging* indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

| Month          | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 1,435        | -0.4%                            |
| August 2015    | 1,376        | -3.4%                            |
| July 2015      | 1,424        | -2.4%                            |
| June 2015      | 1,478        | 7.3%                             |
| May 2015       | 1,461        | -2.6%                            |
| April 2015     | 1,595        | 6.1%                             |
| March 2015     | 1,880        | 9.6%                             |
| February 2015  | 1,857        | 1.9%                             |
| January 2015   | 2,111        | 2.1%                             |
| December 2014  | 1,467        | -0.3%                            |
| November 2014  | 1,500        | -9.3%                            |
| October 2014   | 1,827        | 2.8%                             |
| September 2014 | 1,441        | -4.5%                            |



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, October 22, 2015. Next data release is Monday, November 23, 2015.

**New Listings** 



| Median Sale Price                                      |  |                                  | Month    | Median Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |       |
|--|--|----------------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------------------------------|-------|
| mearar   |  |                                  |          |                   | \$211,578                        | 20.9% |
| The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% |  |                                  |          | August 2015       | \$205,000                        | 12.3% |
| ofsales  | were above and 5   | 0% of sales were b               | nelow)   | July 2015         | \$210,900                        | 17.2% |
| orsuics  |  |                                  |          | June 2015         | \$212,250                        | 6.1%  |
|  |  |                                  | May 2015 | \$217,250         | 11.4%                            |       |
|  |  |                                  |          | April 2015        | \$228,000                        | 14.0% |
| Feenem   | <i>Economists' note</i> : Median Sale Price is our preferred summary |                                  |          | March 2015        | \$219,938                        | 18.9% |
|  |  | ise, unlike Average Sale         |          | February 2015     | \$197,000                        | 6.5%  |
|  | · · ·  | high sale prices for sma         |          | January 2015      | \$190,000                        | 5.6%  |
|  |  | ristic of the market area.       |          | December 2014     | \$190,000                        | 7.3%  |
| nomes u  | hat may not be characte  | i istic oi tile illai ket ai ea. |          | November 2014     | \$195,500                        | 15.0% |
|  |  |                                  |          | October 2014      | \$184,175                        | 17.3% |
|  |  |                                  |          | September 2014    | \$175,000                        | 3.9%  |
|  |  |                                  |          |                   |                                  |       |
| \$270K -   | 2011   | 2012                             | 2013     | 2014              |                                  | 2015  |
| \$27UK   |  |                                  |          |                   |                                  |       |

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|          | ſ                       |                           |             |                           |          |
|----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 62704    | 2011                    | 2012                      | 2013        | 2014                      | 2015     |
| \$270K - |                         |                           |             |                           |          |
| \$220K - |                         |                           |             |                           |          |
| \$170K - |                         |                           |             |                           |          |
| \$120K - |                         |                           |             |                           |          |
| \$70K -  |                         |                           |             |                           |          |
|          | J F M A M J J A S O N D | J F M A M J J A S O N D J | FMAMJJASOND | J F M A M J J A S O N D J | FMAMJJAS |

### Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

*Economists' note* : As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

| Month          | Average Sale Price | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | \$285,959          | 3.0%                             |
| August 2015    | \$268,402          | 2.8%                             |
| July 2015      | \$337,848          | 33.0%                            |
| June 2015      | \$317,199          | 5.7%                             |
| May 2015       | \$316,505          | -0.8%                            |
| April 2015     | \$340,066          | 11.3%                            |
| March 2015     | \$348,773          | 30.8%                            |
| February 2015  | \$303,486          | -2.6%                            |
| January 2015   | \$280,186          | -5.8%                            |
| December 2014  | \$284,741          | 5.5%                             |
| November 2014  | \$269,299          | 13.8%                            |
| October 2014   | \$250,164          | 7.6%                             |
| September 2014 | \$277,531          | 14.8%                            |



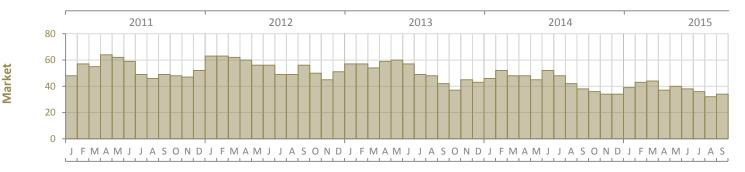
**Median Days on** 



Median Days on MarketMonthThe median number of days that properties sold during<br/>the month were on the marketAugust 2015July 2015July 2015June 2015May 2015May 2015May 2015

*Economists' note* : Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

| Month          | Median Days on<br>Market | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 34                       | -10.5%                           |
| August 2015    | 32                       | -23.8%                           |
| July 2015      | 36                       | -25.0%                           |
| June 2015      | 38                       | -26.9%                           |
| May 2015       | 40                       | -11.1%                           |
| April 2015     | 37                       | -22.9%                           |
| March 2015     | 44                       | -8.3%                            |
| February 2015  | 43                       | -17.3%                           |
| January 2015   | 39                       | -15.2%                           |
| December 2014  | 34                       | -20.9%                           |
| November 2014  | 34                       | -24.4%                           |
| October 2014   | 36                       | -2.7%                            |
| September 2014 | 38                       | -9.5%                            |

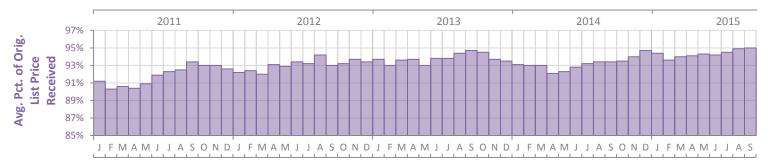


#### Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

*Economists' note* : The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

| Month          | Avg. Pct. of Orig. List<br>Price Received | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 95.0%                                     | 1.7%                             |
| August 2015    | 94.9%                                     | 1.6%                             |
| July 2015      | 94.5%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| June 2015      | 94.2%                                     | 1.5%                             |
| May 2015       | 94.3%                                     | 2.2%                             |
| April 2015     | 94.1%                                     | 2.2%                             |
| March 2015     | 94.0%                                     | 1.1%                             |
| February 2015  | 93.6%                                     | 0.6%                             |
| January 2015   | 94.4%                                     | 1.4%                             |
| December 2014  | 94.7%                                     | 1.3%                             |
| November 2014  | 94.0%                                     | 0.3%                             |
| October 2014   | 93.5%                                     | -1.1%                            |
| September 2014 | 93.4%                                     | -1.4%                            |

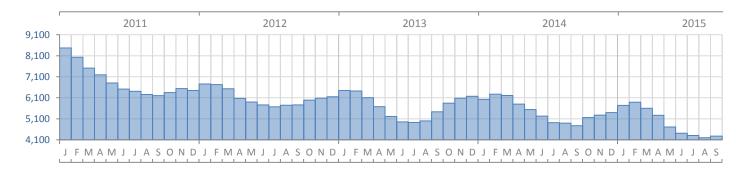




| Inventory (Active Listings)                          | Month    |
|--|----------|
|  | Septemb  |
| The number of property listings active at the end of | August 2 |
| the month  | July 201 |
|  | June 201 |
|  | May 201  |
|  |          |

*Economists' note* : There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

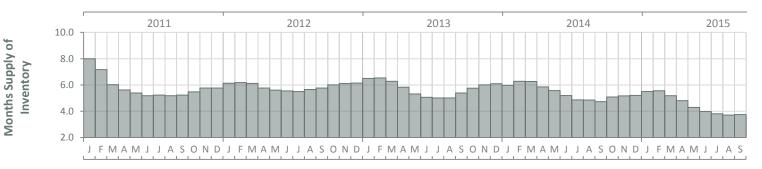
| Month          | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 4,280     | -10.4%                           |
| August 2015    | 4,201     | -14.1%                           |
| July 2015      | 4,311     | -12.3%                           |
| June 2015      | 4,415     | -15.6%                           |
| May 2015       | 4,712     | -14.9%                           |
| April 2015     | 5,268     | -9.2%                            |
| March 2015     | 5,599     | -9.8%                            |
| February 2015  | 5,887     | -6.1%                            |
| January 2015   | 5,741     | -4.7%                            |
| December 2014  | 5,394     | -12.6%                           |
| November 2014  | 5,277     | -13.2%                           |
| October 2014   | 5,157     | -11.8%                           |
| September 2014 | 4,775     | -12.1%                           |



#### Months Supply of Inventory An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

*Economists' note*: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

| Month          | Months Supply | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| September 2015 | 3.7           | -20.8%                           |
| August 2015    | 3.7           | -23.4%                           |
| July 2015      | 3.8           | -21.8%                           |
| June 2015      | 4.0           | -23.3%                           |
| May 2015       | 4.3           | -22.9%                           |
| April 2015     | 4.8           | -17.9%                           |
| March 2015     | 5.2           | -17.3%                           |
| February 2015  | 5.6           | -11.5%                           |
| January 2015   | 5.5           | -8.0%                            |
| December 2014  | 5.2           | -14.6%                           |
| November 2014  | 5.2           | -13.9%                           |
| October 2014   | 5.1           | -11.5%                           |
| September 2014 | 4.7           | -12.3%                           |



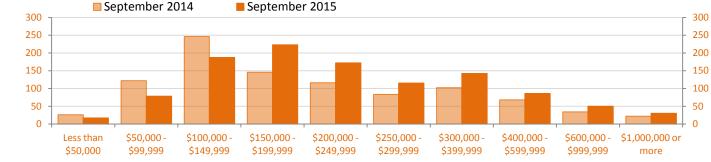


# **Closed Sales by Sale Price**

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest-yet most important-indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

| Sale Price            | Closed Sales | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 17           | -34.6%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 78           | -36.1%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 187          | -24.0%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 223          | 52.7%                            |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 172          | 48.3%                            |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 115          | 38.6%                            |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 142          | 39.2%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 86           | 26.5%                            |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 50           | 47.1%                            |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 30           | 36.4%                            |



#### Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

*Economists' note:* Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

| Sale Price            | Median Days on<br>Market | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 39                       | 69.6%                            |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 15                       | -28.6%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 15                       | -51.6%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 19                       | -42.4%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 37                       | -2.6%                            |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 41                       | 0.0%                             |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 54                       | -6.9%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 73                       | -23.2%                           |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 100                      | -20.0%                           |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 85                       | -56.4%                           |





#### New Listings by Initial Listing Price The number of properties put onto the market during the month

*Economists' note:* In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

| Initial Listing Price | New Listings | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 9            | -70.0%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 78           | -48.0%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 192          | -30.9%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 276          | 22.1%                            |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 167          | 15.2%                            |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 159          | 14.4%                            |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 203          | 1.5%                             |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 184          | 17.9%                            |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 94           | 25.3%                            |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 73           | 73.8%                            |



#### Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

*Economists' note:* There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

| Current Listing Price | Inventory | Percent Change<br>Year-over-Year |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|
| Less than \$50,000    | 18        | -75.7%                           |
| \$50,000 - \$99,999   | 146       | -52.4%                           |
| \$100,000 - \$149,999 | 315       | -49.0%                           |
| \$150,000 - \$199,999 | 433       | -17.7%                           |
| \$200,000 - \$249,999 | 367       | -21.7%                           |
| \$250,000 - \$299,999 | 422       | 0.7%                             |
| \$300,000 - \$399,999 | 734       | 12.1%                            |
| \$400,000 - \$599,999 | 830       | 14.5%                            |
| \$600,000 - \$999,999 | 509       | 2.8%                             |
| \$1,000,000 or more   | 506       | 3.9%                             |



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#### Monthly Distressed Market - September 2015 Single Family Homes Lee County



