



Summary Statistics	October 2014	October 2013	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	471	486	-3.1%
Paid in Cash	317	327	-3.1%
New Pending Sales	588	578	1.7%
New Listings	767	922	-16.8%
Median Sale Price	\$163,000	\$157,500	3.5%
Average Sale Price	\$216,309	\$203,588	6.2%
Median Days on Market	53	67	-20.9%
Average Percent of Original List Price Received	93.1%	92.8%	0.3%
Pending Inventory	793	792	0.1%
Inventory (Active Listings)	2,601	3,452	-24.7%
Months Supply of Inventory	4.8	6.5	-26.2%

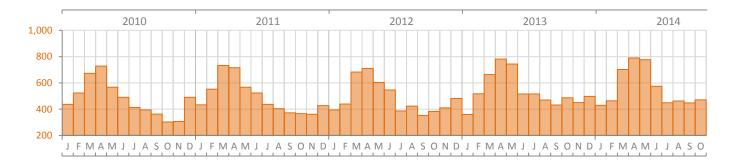
Closed Sales

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	471	-3.1%
September 2014	448	3.7%
August 2014	462	-1.5%
July 2014	449	-13.0%
June 2014	574	11.2%
May 2014	776	4.4%
April 2014	790	1.2%
March 2014	702	5.9%
February 2014	463	-10.4%
January 2014	429	19.2%
December 2013	497	3.1%
November 2013	450	9.8%
October 2013	486	26.9%

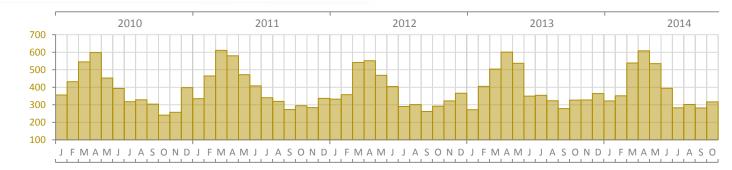




Month Month October 2014 0 buyers exclusively paid in cash September 2014 Leconomists' note : Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to June 2014

which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	317	-3.1%
September 2014	282	1.4%
August 2014	302	-6.5%
July 2014	283	-20.1%
June 2014	394	12.6%
May 2014	535	-0.4%
April 2014	608	1.2%
March 2014	539	6.9%
February 2014	351	-13.3%
January 2014	322	18.4%
December 2013	364	-0.5%
November 2013	328	1.9%
October 2013	327	12.0%

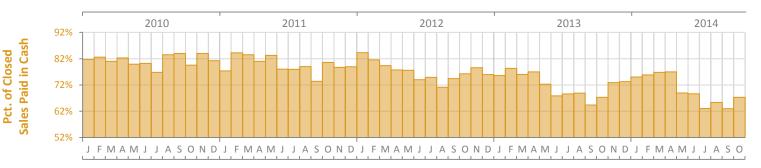


Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	67.3%	0.0%
September 2014	62.9%	-2.2%
August 2014	65.4%	-5.1%
July 2014	63.0%	-8.1%
June 2014	68.6%	1.2%
May 2014	68.9%	-4.6%
April 2014	77.0%	0.0%
March 2014	76.8%	1.0%
February 2014	75.8%	-3.2%
January 2014	75.1%	-0.7%
December 2013	73.2%	-3.5%
November 2013	72.9%	-7.2%
October 2013	67.3%	-11.7%



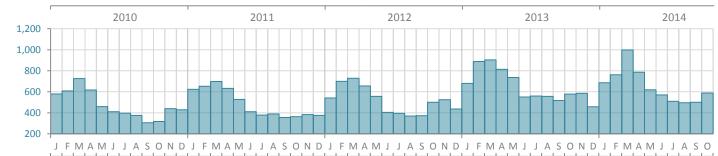


New Pending Sales

The number of property listings that went from "Active" to "Pending" status during the month

Economists' note : Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.



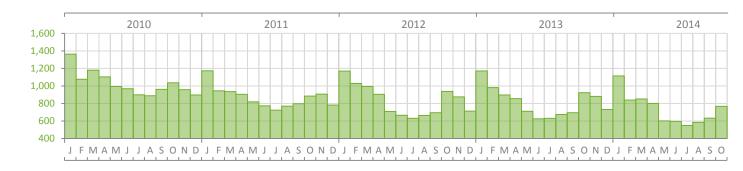


New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note : In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	767	-16.8%
September 2014	633	-8.8%
August 2014	585	-13.2%
July 2014	549	-12.9%
June 2014	596	-4.8%
May 2014	601	-15.5%
April 2014	800	-6.5%
March 2014	851	-5.2%
February 2014	838	-14.6%
January 2014	1,115	-4.8%
December 2013	731	2.7%
November 2013	881	0.6%
October 2013	922	-1.7%



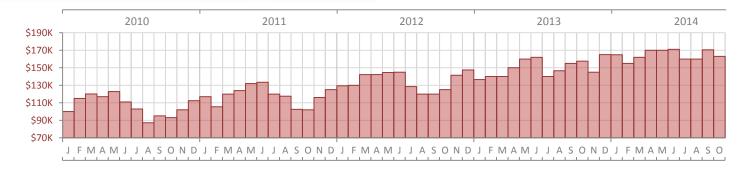
Pending Sales



Month <th

statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	\$163,000	3.5%
September 2014	\$170,500	10.0%
August 2014	\$160,000	9.2%
July 2014	\$159,950	14.3%
June 2014	\$171,000	5.6%
May 2014	\$169,990	6.2%
April 2014	\$170,000	13.3%
March 2014	\$162,000	15.7%
February 2014	\$155,000	10.7%
January 2014	\$164,900	20.8%
December 2013	\$165,000	11.9%
November 2013	\$145,000	2.5%
October 2013	\$157,500	26.0%

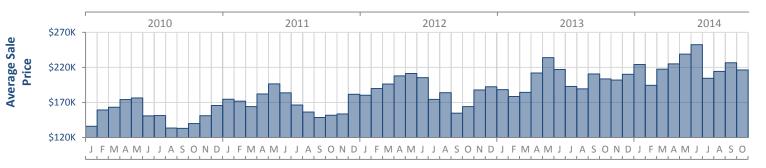


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note : As noted above, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	\$216,309	6.2%
September 2014	\$226,729	7.6%
August 2014	\$214,256	13.1%
July 2014	\$204,548	6.1%
June 2014	\$252,449	16.3%
May 2014	\$239,019	2.1%
April 2014	\$225,172	6.2%
March 2014	\$217,598	17.9%
February 2014	\$194,436	9.0%
January 2014	\$224,083	18.9%
December 2013	\$210,207	9.3%
November 2013	\$202,131	7.6%
October 2013	\$203,588	24.0%





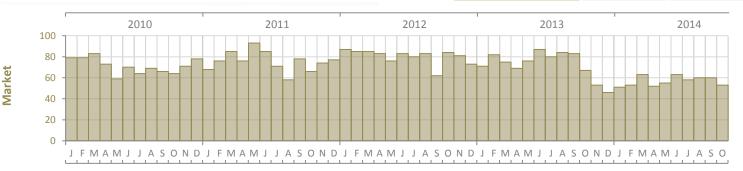
Median Days on Market

Median Days on

The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note : Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Month	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	53	-20.9%
September 2014	60	-27.7%
August 2014	60	-28.6%
July 2014	58	-27.5%
June 2014	63	-27.6%
May 2014	55	-27.6%
April 2014	52	-24.6%
March 2014	63	-16.0%
February 2014	53	-35.4%
January 2014	51	-28.2%
December 2013	46	-37.0%
November 2013	53	-34.6%
October 2013	67	-20.2%

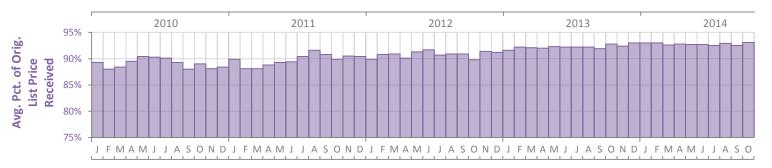


Average Percent of Original List Price Received

The average of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note : The Average Percent of Original List Price Received is an indicator of market conditions, in that in a recovering market, the measure rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market that has shifted from down to up, and is another *lagging* indicator.

Month	Avg. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	93.1%	0.3%
September 2014	92.5%	0.7%
August 2014	92.9%	0.8%
July 2014	92.5%	0.3%
June 2014	92.7%	0.5%
May 2014	92.7%	0.4%
April 2014	92.8%	0.9%
March 2014	92.6%	0.5%
February 2014	93.0%	0.9%
January 2014	93.0%	1.5%
December 2013	93.0%	2.0%
November 2013	92.4%	1.1%
October 2013	92.8%	3.3%

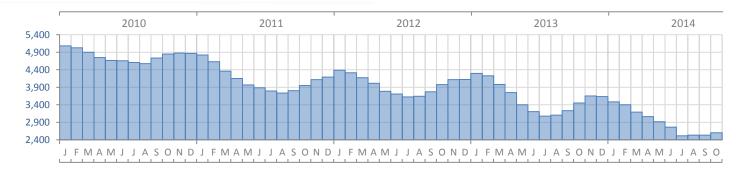




Inventory (Active Listings)	Mor
	Oct
The number of property listings active at the end of	Sep
the month	Aug
	July
	Jun

Economists' note : There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	2,601	-24.7%
September 2014	2,535	-21.6%
August 2014	2,534	-18.4%
July 2014	2,514	-18.3%
June 2014	2,764	-13.8%
May 2014	2,915	-14.3%
April 2014	3,063	-18.3%
March 2014	3,192	-19.8%
February 2014	3,403	-19.5%
January 2014	3,485	-18.9%
December 2013	3,633	-11.9%
November 2013	3,652	-11.4%
October 2013	3,452	-13.2%

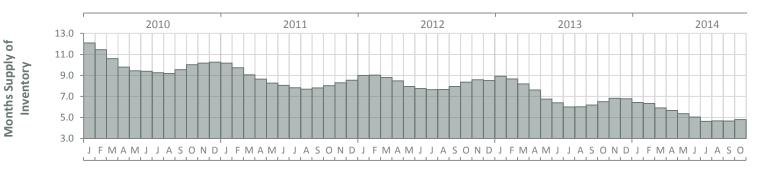


Months Supply of Inventory An estimate of the number of months it will take to

deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: This is an indicator of the state of the market, whether it is a buyers' market or a sellers' market. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 Months of Inventory. Higher numbers indicate a buyers' market, lower numbers a sellers' market.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
October 2014	4.8	-26.2%
September 2014	4.7	-24.6%
August 2014	4.7	-22.4%
July 2014	4.6	-23.0%
June 2014	5.0	-21.2%
May 2014	5.4	-20.6%
April 2014	5.7	-25.6%
March 2014	5.9	-27.8%
February 2014	6.3	-26.9%
January 2014	6.4	-27.9%
December 2013	6.8	-20.4%
November 2013	6.8	-20.5%
October 2013	6.5	-22.3%



FloridaRealtors The Voice for Real Estate® in Florida

Closed Sales by Sale Price The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend using the year-over-year percent changes rather than the absolute counts. Realtors® and their clients should also be wary of month-to-month comparisons of Closed Sales because of potential seasonal effects.

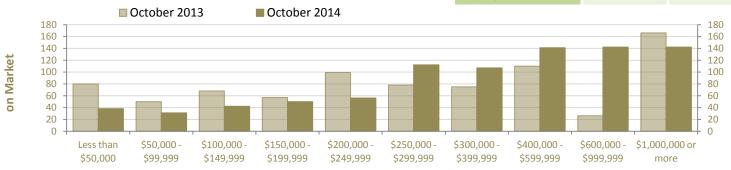
Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	27	-12.9%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	85	-19.8%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	101	5.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	76	4.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	67	3.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	38	-7.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	26	8.3%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	24	-38.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	25	257.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	2	-50.0%



Median Days on Market by Sale Price The median number of days that properties sold during the month were on the market

Economists' note: Median Days on Market is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took less time to sell, and 50% of homes took more time to sell. We use the median rather than the average because the median is not particularly sensitive to sales of homes that took an unusually large amount of time to sell relative to the vast majority of homes in the market.

Sale Price	Median Days on Market	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	38	-52.5%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	31	-38.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	42	-38.2%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	50	-12.3%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	56	-43.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	112	43.6%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	107	42.7%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	141	28.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	142	446.2%
\$1,000,000 or more	142	-14.5%



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, November 20, 2014. Next data release is Monday, December 22, 2014.

Median Days



New Listings by Initial Listing Price The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: In a recovering market, we expect that new listings will eventually rise as sellers raise their estimations of value. But this increase will take place only after the market has turned up, so New Listings are a lagging indicator of the health of the market. Also be aware of properties which have been withdrawn from the market and then relisted. These are not really New Listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	35	29.6%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	110	-28.1%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	143	-16.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	159	-1.2%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	78	-45.1%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	66	-10.8%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	68	-12.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	65	0.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	27	-28.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	16	33.3%



Inventory by Current Listing Price The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to calculate Inventory, so these numbers may not match up to others you see in your market. We calculate Inventory by counting the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year.

	Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
	Less than \$50,000	81	-36.2%
	\$50,000 - \$99,999	269	-40.0%
	\$100,000 - \$149,999	373	-27.7%
	\$150,000 - \$199,999	436	-21.4%
	\$200,000 - \$249,999	302	-30.1%
	\$250,000 - \$299,999	228	-17.4%
	\$300,000 - \$399,999	294	-14.3%
	\$400,000 - \$599,999	340	-18.1%
	\$600,000 - \$999,999	182	-23.5%
	\$1,000,000 or more	96	-5.9%



Produced by Florida REALTORS® with data provided by Florida's multiple listing services. Statistics for each month compiled from MLS feeds on the 15th day of the following month. Data released on Thursday, November 20, 2014. Next data release is Monday, December 22, 2014.

nventor)

Monthly Distressed Market - October 2014 Townhouses and Condos Lee County



